

# B.Com first Semester

Business statistics

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Reference  
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Chapter- Correlation

## Concurrent Deviation Method (Contd.)

$$x_c = \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2C-N}{N} \right)} \quad C = \text{positive}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} -x- = + & -x = + \\ -x+ = - & +x = - \\ +x- = - & = x- = - \\ +x+ = + & = x+ = + \\ \hline 0 & \approx x \approx + \end{array}$$

Ques:- Calculation of Coefficient of correlation

Year	X	<sup>dev x</sup> sign	<sup>dev y</sup> sign	<sup>dev x dev y</sup> sign	
1993	350	+	300	-	
94	354	+	260	-	
95	375	+	270	-	
96	380	+	260	-	
97	330	-	290	+	
98	365	+	280	-	
98	380	+	272	-	
					C=0

$$MC = \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2C-N}{N} \right)} \quad [N=6]$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2 \times 0 - 6}{6} \right)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm (-1)}$$

$$MC = -1 \quad \text{Ans}$$

It indicates perfect neg. correlation

$\text{DE401} - X$	$\frac{dx}{dy}$	$\frac{dy}{dx}$	$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$
300		310	
320	+ V	305	- V
325	+ P.C.	305	= A1 - Q.P1
315	- S.B.	312	+ A1 - P.A.
315	- S.B.	303	- S.F1 + C.O.P1
320	+ P.E.C.	302	- S.A1 - F.P -
330	+ D.C.	304	+ A1 - P.C.P1
330	- E.C.	304	= F1 - Z.P1
340	+ E.C.	307	- S.I - A.B.P1
350	+ P.I	300	- S.P1 - F.P.P1
+ 0.25	- 2.81	- 2.81	0.21

$$x_c = \pm \sqrt{\pm (2c-n)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm (2 \times 2 - 9)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm (4 - 9)}$$

$$\boxed{\pm \left( \frac{-5}{9} \right)}$$

$$y_c = \pm \sqrt{\pm (-0.55)}$$

$$\boxed{x_c = 0 - (0.545)}$$

## Concurrent Deviation Method

Q3) Year	X	div sign	Y	div sign	dxy
		dx		dy	
1990	160	-	292	-	
1991	164	+18	280	-8	-
1992	172	+18	260	-18	-
1993	182	+18	234	-18	-
1994	166	-18	266	+8	-
1995	170	+18	254	-18	-
1996	178	+18	230	-18	-
1997	192	+18	190	-18	-
1998	186	-	200	+18	-
		<u>N = 8</u>			<u>C = 0</u>

$$MC = \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2C-N}{N} \right)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2 \times 0 - 8}{8} \right)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm (-1)}$$

$\boxed{MC = \pm 1}$  It indicates <sup>Perfect</sup> neg. correlation.

Year	Productivity
1995	-
1996	Nil
1997	Nil
1998	+
1999	+
2000	+
2001	-
2002	+

$$C = 4 \text{ or } N = 8$$

$$MC = \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2(C-N)}{N} \right)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2 \times 4 - 8}{8} \right)}$$

$MC = 0$  / + indicates no cancellation.

$$75. n = 8, C = 0$$

$$MC = \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2(C-N)}{N} \right)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm \left( \frac{2 \times 0 - 8}{8} \right)}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\pm (-1)}$$

$$\boxed{MC = -1}$$

+ indicates perfect neg. cancellation.

### Concurrent Deviation Method

65. Find out coefficient of concurrent deviation from the following data :

Years : 1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
Supply : 160	164	172	182	166	170	178	192	186
Price : 292	280	260	234	266	254	230	190	200

Ans.  $r_c = -1$

(B.Com., Kurukshetra 1998; M.A., Agra 1997, 99)

66. From the data given below, compute the correlation coefficient by the method of concurrent deviations :

Year : 1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Supply : 150	154	160	172	160	165	180
Price : 200	180	170	160	190	180	172
Ans. $r_c = -1$						

(B.Com., Agra 1995; Meerut 2000)

*Ques.* Find the coefficient of correlation by the method of concurrent deviations :

$X:$	10	15	21	18	20	30	34	32	31
$Y:$	16	12	17	15	19	18	25	23	24

$$\text{Ans. } r_c = +0.5$$

*Ques.* From the following data calculate coefficient of correlation by concurrent deviation method : (B.Com., Punjab 1998)

$X:$	100	120	135	135	115	110	120
$Y:$	50	40	60	80	80	55	65

$$\text{Ans. } r_c = 0$$

(M.A., Agra 1994)

*Ques.* Calculate coefficient of correlation by concurrent deviation method between supply and price :

Year	: 1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Supply Indices	: 114	127	128	120	120	123	127	127	133	137
Price Indices	: 108	104	104	106	100	98	99	99	97	92

$$\text{Ans. } r_c = -0.745$$

(M.A., Meerut 1997)

*Ques.* Find the coefficient of concurrent deviations for the following data :

$X:$	65	40	35	75	75	80	35	20	80	80	50
$Y:$	60	55	50	56	30	70	40	35	80	80	75

$$\text{Ans. } r_c = +0.894$$

(B.Com., Agra 1997)

*Ques.* Results of products of symbol deviations in  $X$  and  $Y$  series are as follows :

Year	: 1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Product of Symbol	: -	....	....	+	+	+	-	+
(Minus)								(Minus)

Deviation :

Calculate the coefficient of correlation by a suitable method.

$$\text{Ans. } r_c = 0$$

*Ques.* Given :  $n = 8$ ,  $C = 0$ , use the above to interpret the relationship between supply and price by a suitable method of correlation.

$$\text{Ans. } r_c = -1 \text{ (Perfect Negative Correlation)}$$

*Ques.* Obtain a suitable measure of correlation from the following data regarding changes in price index of two shares  $X$  and  $Y$  during the year :

Changes over the previous month

Month : Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

$X :$	-4	+13	+4	-2	+5	-9	-12	+17	+13	-12	-1
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$Y :$	+4	+6	+2	+3	+5	-2	-5	+5	-3	-2	-5
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$$\text{Ans. } r_c = +0.6742$$

Conc.